Ensinger 🔗

Poly-Texx 6PAM (Nylatron GS Alternative)

Self lubricating, wear resistant, abrasion resistant, and stable engineering thermoplastic is commonly used in wheel, roller, and pulley applications

General Information

Chemical Designation:	al Designation: Poly-Texx 6PAM is a cast Nylon 6 with MsO2 as a solid lubricant filler that exhibits outstanding toughness, low coefficient of friction and good abrasion resistance making it an ideal replacement for a wide variety of materials from		
PA (Polyamide)	metal to rubber. Poly-Texx 6PAM reduces lubrication requirements, eliminates galling, corrosion and improves wear resistance. It has high impact strength as well as sound dampening characteristics. It is an excellent choice for wheels,		
Fillers:	rollers and cable pulleys.		
MoS2	Poly-Texx 6PAM is easily fabricated into precision parts using standard metalworking equipment. Tolerances of +/002 are easily achieved with experience. Broad size range availability and a variety of extruded and cast nylon grades are		
Color:	available to match specific application demands.		
Gray			
Specific Gravity:			

1.16

Technical Information

Fechnical Information				
Specification	Test	Value	Units	
Specific Gravity, 73°F	D792	1.16	-	
Tensile Strength @ Yield, 73°F	D638	12,500	psi	
Tensile Modulus of Elasticity, 73°F	D638	480,000	psi	
Tensile Elongation (at break), 73°F	D638	25	%	
Flexural Strength, 73°F	D790	17,000	psi	
Flexural Modulus of Elasticity	D790	460,000	psi	
Shear Strength, 73°F	D732	10,500	psi	
Compressive Strength – Ultimate		300	psi	
Compressive Strength at 2% Deformation		300	psi	
Compressive Strength at 10% Deformation	D695	1,000	psi	
Deformation Under Load			%	
Compressive Modulus of Elasticity, 73°F	D695	420,000		
Compressive Strength ⊥ to Laminate (Modulus)			psi	
Compressive Strength ⊥ to Laminate (Yield)			psi	
Compressive Strength 1 to Laminate (Ultimate)			psi	
Hardness, Durometer (Shore "D" scale)	D2240	D85	P	
Hardness, Rockwell (Scale as noted)	D785	115	Rockwell R	
Izod Impact, Notched @ 73°F	D256 Type "A"	.5	ft.lbs/in. of notch	
Coefficient of Friction (Dry vs Steel) Static		.25		
Coefficient of Friction (Dry vs Steel) Dynamic	PTM 55007	.20		
Maximum Static Bearing Load (P)	1 111 00001	300	psi	
Maximum Unlubricated No Load Bearing Velocity (V)		30	ft/minute	
Maximum Limiting PV (Unlubricated)		5,000	psi x ft/min.	
Wear Factor "K" x 10-10		90	Cubic inmin/ft.lbs.hr	
Sand Wheel Wear/Abrasion Test		30	UHMW=100	
Minimum Mating Surface Hardness			Rockwell (Brinnell)	
Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion	E-831 (TMA)	4.0	in/in/°F x 10-5	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion // to Laminates		4.0	in/in/°F x 10-5	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion // to Laminates		4.0	in/in/°F x 10-5	
Softening Point		4.0	°F	
Heat Deflection Temperature 264 psi	D648	200	• • F	
Embrittlement Temperature	2010	200	°F Min.	
Continuous Service Temperature in Air		220	°F Max.	
Short Term Service Temperature		260	°F Max.	
Tg-Glass Transition (Amorphous)		200	°F	
Melting Point (Crystaline) Peak	D3418	500	• • F	
Thermal Conductivity	F433	1.7	BTU-in/(hr/ft2°F)	
Dielectric Strength Short Term	D149	350	Volts/mil	
Volume Resistivity	D149 D257	>1013		
Surface Resistivity	D237	>1013	ohm/cm	
			ohm/cm	
Dielectric Constant, 106 Hz				
Dissipation Factor, 106 Hz	111.04	N 0		
Flammability @ 3.1mm(1/8 in.) UL94	UL 94	V-2	accordo	
Arc Resistance	DE70 (2)		seconds	
Water Absorption, Immersion 24 Hours	D570 (2)	.3	%	
Water Absorption, Immersion Saturation	D570 (2)	7.0	%	
Machinability Rating	1.0	3	1=easy, 10=difficult	
Rod Diameter Availability (Off the Shelf)	1.0	6.0	inches	
Sheet Thickness Availability (Off the Shelf)	.125	3.0	inches	
Characteristics / Attributes Excellent toughness / High strength and impact resistance / High moisture absorption				

Thank you for your interest in our materials. All statements, technical information and recommendations presented are in good faith, based upon tests believed to be reliable and practical field experience. Poly-Tech is not responsible for its accuracy or completeness. It is our recommendation and the customer's responsibility to determine the suitability of any material for any given application.